Start-up Task: Match the crime (#) with the punishment (letter)

You be the judge!

Tudor laws may have been batty - but the punishments were downright mean. On the right is a list of Tudor punishments – below is a list of crimes. Can you match the punishment to the crime?



BEING A



A WOMAN POISONS HER HUSBAND



A MAN POISONS ANOTHER MAN

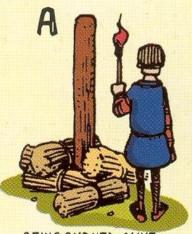


LYING IN COURT-"PERJURY"

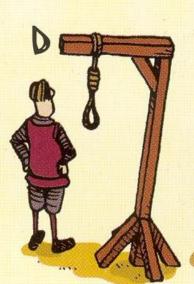


STEALING

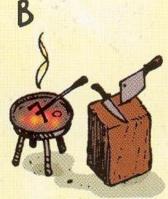
HELPING OR SHELTERING SOMEONE



BEING BURNED ALIVE



DEATH BY HANGING



BRANDED WITH THE LETTER 'F' (FELON) ON THE CHEEK, EARS CUT OFF, NOSTRILS SLIT AND HANDS CUT OFF





HAVING A HOLE BURNED THROUGH THE RIGHT EAR

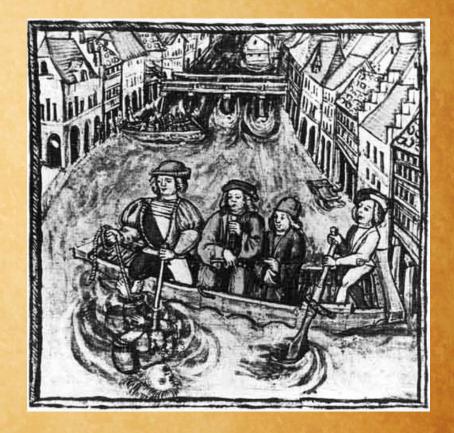


'P' USING A HOT IRON

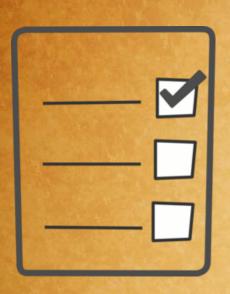
MEDIEVAL CRIME & LAW







Court Scene with Prisoner in Chains. Valerius Maximus. *Les fais et les Dis des Romains*, c1473-80. BL MS Harley 4375 f.141.



Learning Outcomes:

By the end of this lesson I can:

To describe what crime, punishment, and law was like in Medieval Europe

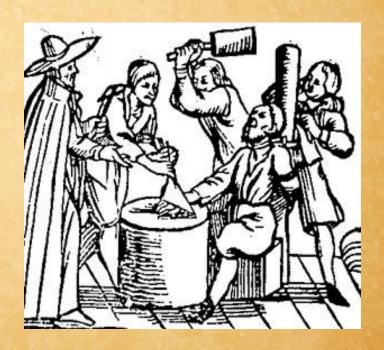
What methods are used in Canada for keeping law and order today?

Some Key Definitions:

- Crime: an act that breaks a law
- Defendant: a person accused of wrongdoing
- Justice: fair treatment
- Law: rule(s) established by authority or custom
- Punishment: a penalty for an offence

 Law and order was very harsh in Medieval England. It was believed that people would only learn how to behave properly if they feared what would happen to them if they broke the law. Even the 'smallest' offences had serious punishments.



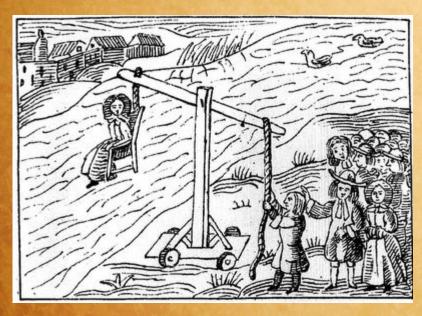


Upon London Bridge I saw three or four men's heads stand upon poles. Upon Ludgate Arch the top quarter of a man is set upon a pole. Upon the other side hangeth the bottom quarter with the leg. It is a strange sight to see the hair of the heads fall off or shrivel away while the gristle of the nose is eaten away and the fingers of the hands wrinkle and wither to the bare bones. It is a sight for all young people and a warning to them that they should behave themselves.



TRIALBYORDEAL

Horrible Histories video (19:14)







ORDEAL BY FIRE

Accused holds red hot iron bar



Walk 3-5 paces holding it



Hand is bandaged and left for a certain number of days



If it is healing = innocent
if it is not = guilty





ORDEAL BY WATER

The accused person is tied up



They are thrown into water

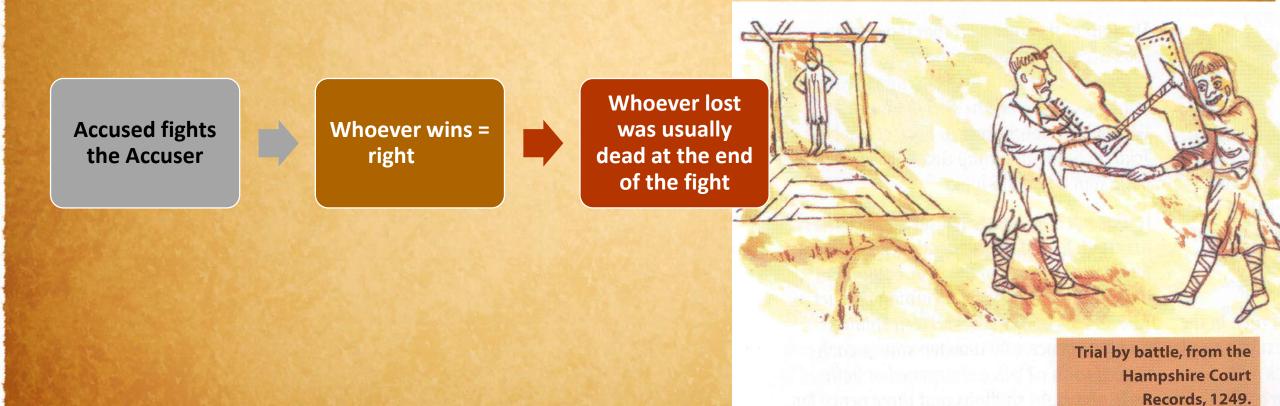


Float = guilty
Sink = innocent
(but dead)



ORDEAL BY COMBAT

This was used by noblemen who had been accused of something.



TRIMLBYORDEML

Why? God would save those who were innocent...









CHANGES TO LAW

By the time of Henry II (1154), the system of law in England had been improved:

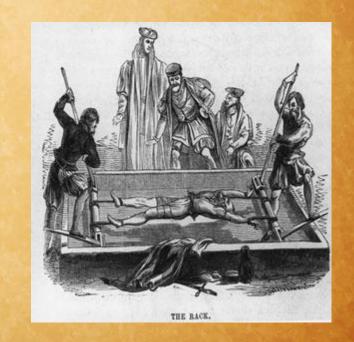


- Brought in trial by jury
- No more trial by ordeal
- Sent judges to different towns throughout country to try cases



In 1215, the Pope decided that priests in England must not help with ordeals. As a result, ordeals were replaced by trials by juries.

After 1275, a law was introduced which allowed people to be tortured if they refused to go to trial before a jury.



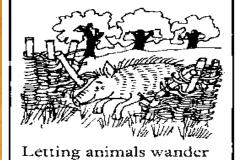
MEDIEVAL COURTS

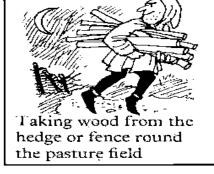


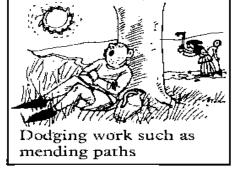
Read your textbook pages _____, about the different types of courts:

- Royal Court
- Church Court
- Manor Court

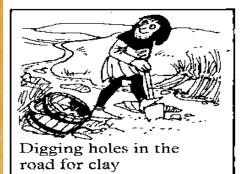
Answer the question on your handout about the different types of courts.

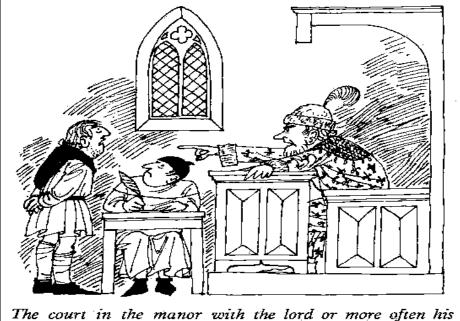












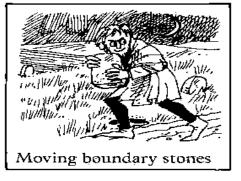




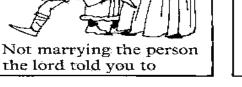












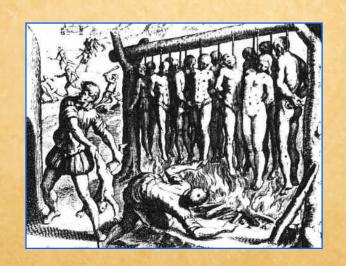
PUNISHMENTS: EXECUTION

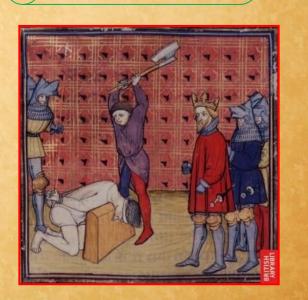
Usually Men were hung for crimes like murder

Women were burned to death for crimes like murder

Nobles and rich people were beheaded for serious crimes

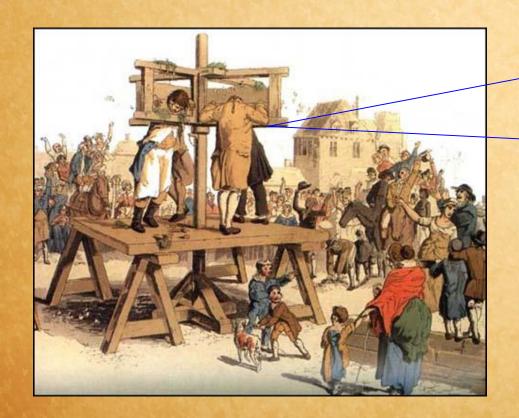






PUNISHMENTS: PILLORIES

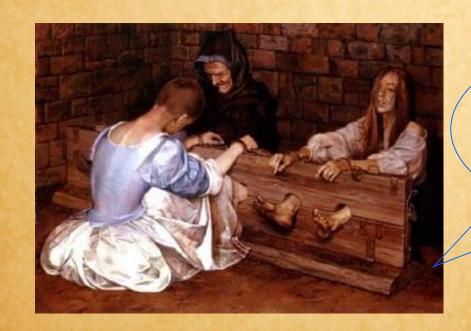
The Pillories (arms and head)
was a type of punishment for crimes not thought to be
severe.



Once the accused was in the stocks the crowd threw vegetables and fruit that were rotten, mud, dead rodents especially rats, excrement and stones.

PUNISHMENTS: THE STOCKS

The Stocks (legs and arms) were also a punishment for mild crimes. Some villages had Pillories, some had stocks and some had both



The stocks were also used in prison cells

CRIMES FOR STOCKS & PILLORIES

Robbery and Perjury - 24 hours
Trader cheating customers - 12 hours
Drunkenness - 6 hours
Swearing - 1 hour



These are the words, that are called swearing: thief, murderer, liar, ba----d, arsonist, son of a bitch, whore, prostitute, witch.

PUNISHMENTS: BURGLARY

Punishments were designed to stop people doing the same thing again.

A pickpocket would have his hand cut-

A rapist would have his genitals cut off



PUNISHMENTS

- Read through the "Medieval Punishments" handout
- Fill in the chart with 5 different crimes and punishments
- Decide if you think they are fair/unfair and explain why

REFLECTION QUESTION



Do you think that it is right to have a death penalty?

(i.e. should be ever be able to execute people for their crimes?)



Explain your answer in a paragraph (at least **5 sentences**) by considering both sides of the argument.

Why do we kill people who kill people to show killing people is wrong?