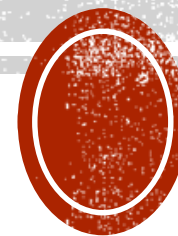


THE POST-WAR WORLD...



AFTER WWII: PEACE?

- The League of Nations had clearly failed to keep peace (there was WW2....)
 - They had no military power
 - Not all members were committed to collective security

BUT many countries throughout the world were calling for world peace, and they needed some way to try to maintain that...



THE UNITED NATIONS

- April 1945: **50** countries met to create the
United Nations (UN)
- The organization was (and is) based on the ideals of **peace**, as well as **social and economic progress**





4 MAIN GOALS OF THE UN

- ❖ Keeping world peace & preventing new wars
- ❖ Encouraging cooperation among nations
- ❖ Defending human rights & promoting equality
- ❖ Improving the standard of living for all nations





GENERAL ASSEMBLY

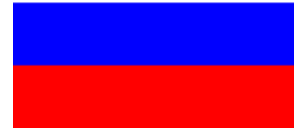
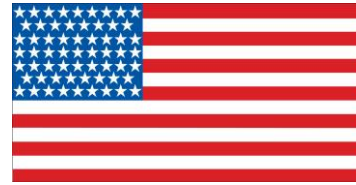
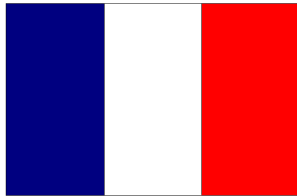
- Each member nation is represented
- They discuss and make recommendations on anything that might affect world peace.
- Each nation has 1 vote
- 2/3 majority is required for all major decisions





THE SECURITY COUNCIL

- Maintains world peace
- Has 5 permanent members with veto power



- 10 other countries have 2 year terms
- Can force the UN to carry out its decisions



UN HUMANITARIAN AGENCIES



International
Labour
Organization



**World Health
Organization**





United Nations

HOW CANADA IS INVOLVED

- Helped draft the UN Charter
- Pearson: Suez Canal and idea of peacekeeping
- Active supporter of the UN
- Participates in the General Assembly and Security Council
- Has been involved in peacekeeping efforts around the world... over 100,000 Canadians (Cyprus, Middle East, Haiti, Bosnia, Cambodia, El Salvador, Angola)

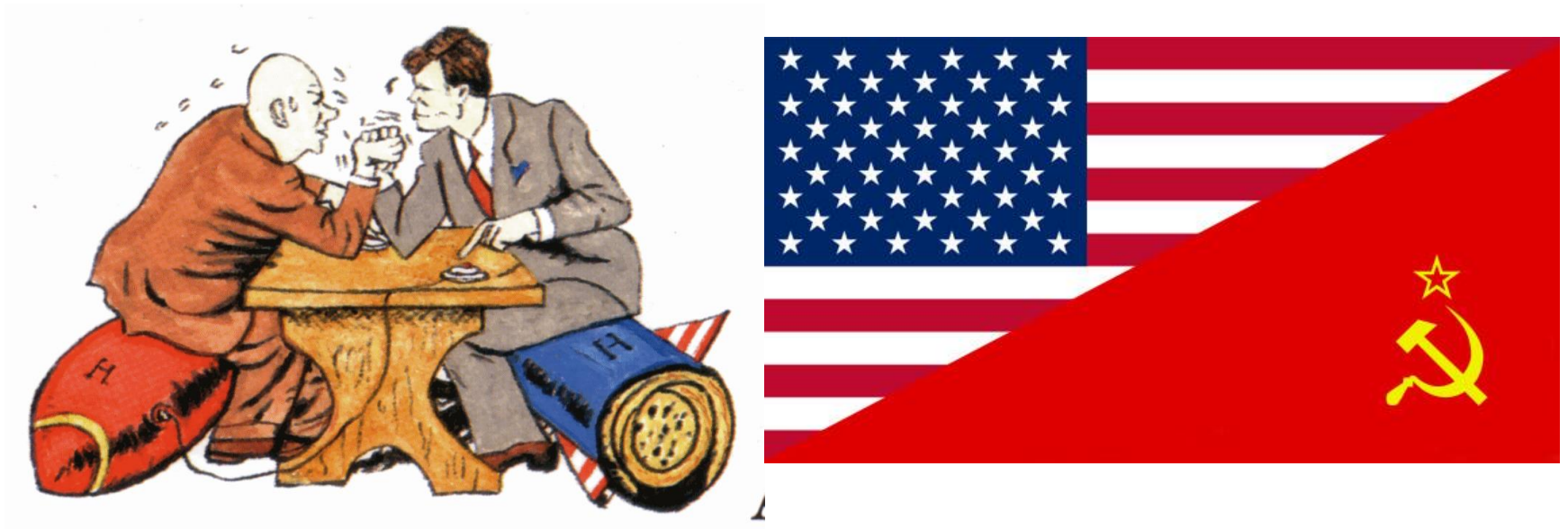




THE COLD WAR



TWO NEW SUPER POWERS...

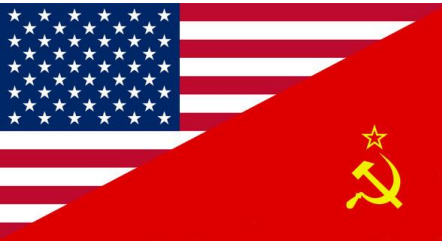


United States

vs.

Soviet Union





THE COLD WAR



- Was a struggle of **IDEAS** between USA and Soviet Union
- A fight for global power and influence...
 - Was fought using propaganda, espionage, and economic/political pressures
 - Arms Race



ARMS RACE & FEAR OF NUCLEAR WAR

- Both sides were racing to build nuclear weapons and technology
- The fear of nuclear war was real
- [Duck & Cover video](#)



THE DOMINO THEORY

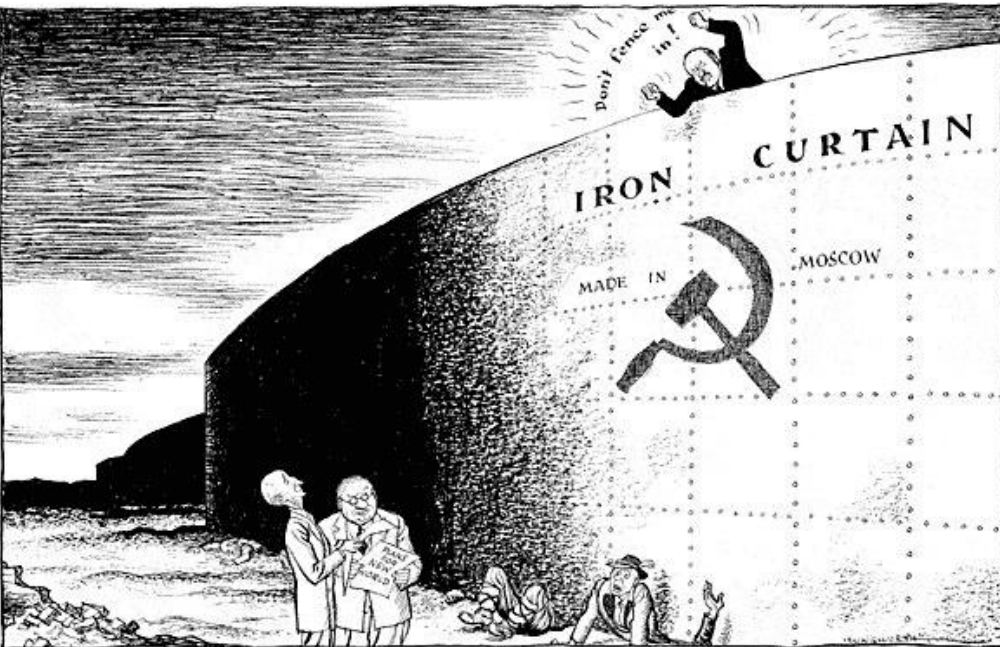
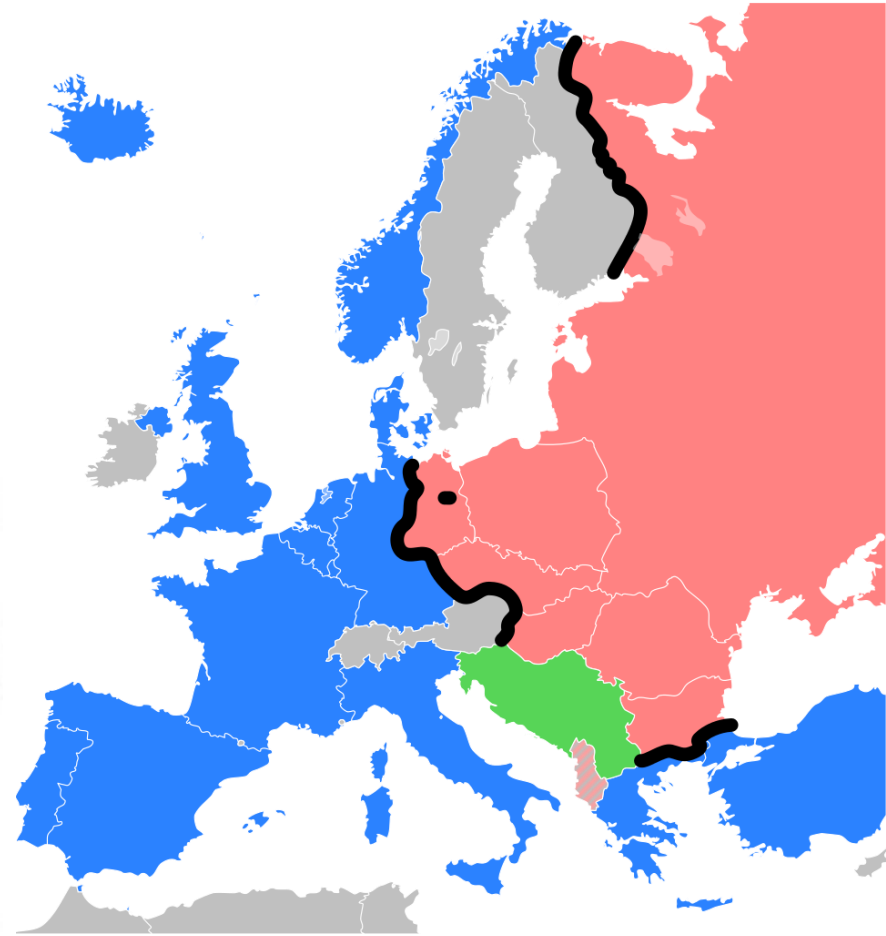


■ The USA believed that European countries would fall one by one to Soviet Communism.



SATELLITE STATES

- Countries controlled by the Soviet Union
- Churchill said an “Iron Curtain” had fallen over Europe



THE POLICY OF CONTAINMENT

- **The USA wanted to “contain” communism**
 - Prevent its spread to other countries
 - Provided other countries with economic and military aid so they could fight off communism

- **The Marshall Plan**
 - USA would send \$\$\$ to war-torn European countries to help them resist communism





THE GOUZENKO AFFAIR

- A clerk with the Soviet Embassy in Ottawa gave the government documents proving that the Soviet Union was operating two spy rings in Canada (trying to obtain atomic secrets)

■ **Significance:**

- Marked the beginning of the Cold War in Canada: potential communist threat here at home



THE “RED SCARE”

- In response to fear of communism (esp. after Gouzenko Affair)
- RCMP carried out illegal and secret inquiries about potential communists in Canada
- Some were denied entry in to Canada, known communists were deported
- Become known as the “red scare” - was even worse in the USA



DIVISION OF GERMANY & BERLIN BLOCKADE





NATO

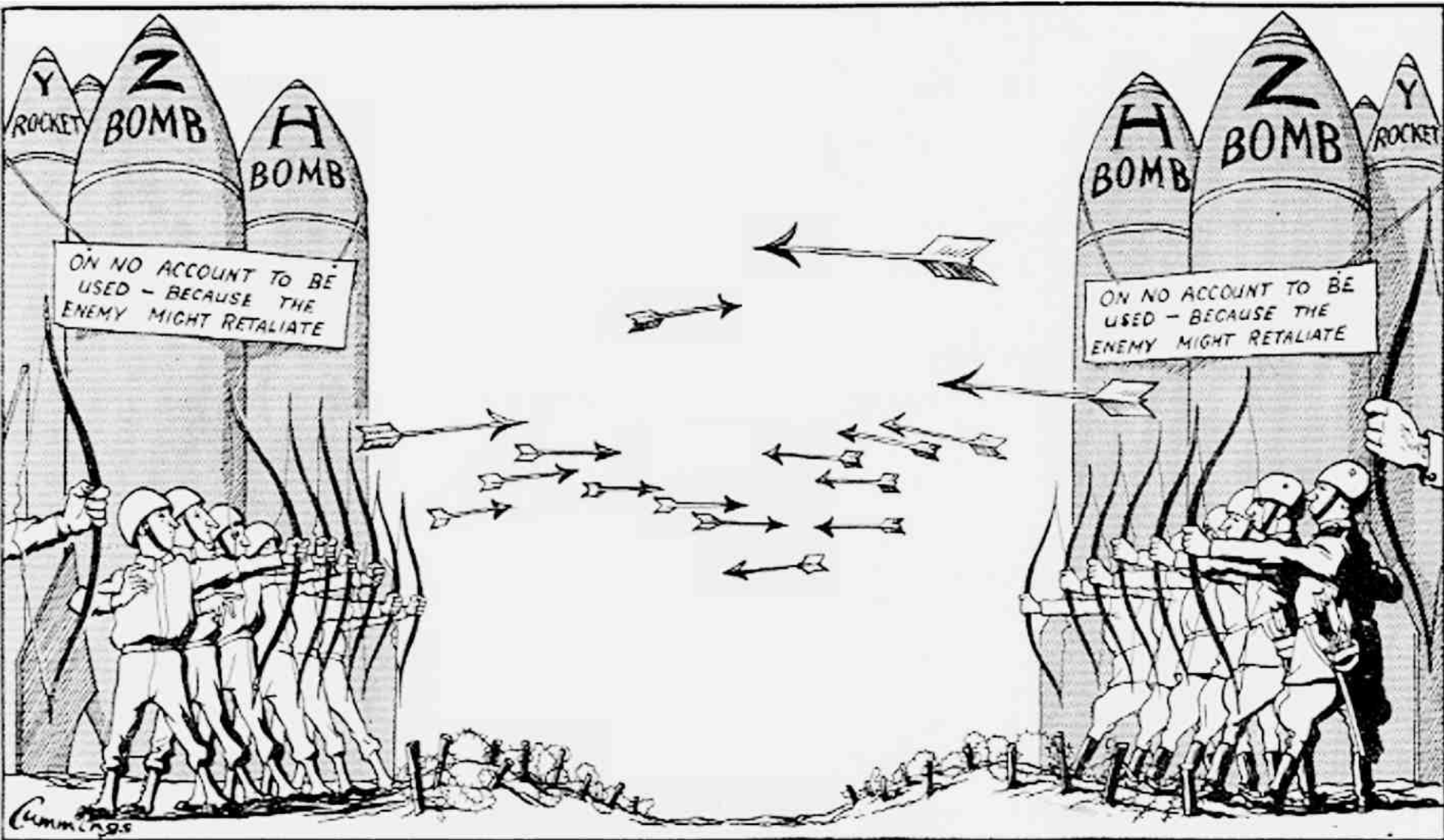
- North Atlantic Treaty Organization, 1949
- Thought there was a need for military presence to prevent Soviet expansion in Europe
- Designed for mutual defence- all member countries contributed forces
- An attack on one = an attack on all



NUCLEAR ARMS RACE

- Arms race between the Western and Eastern blocs
- Racing to develop more atomic bombs & improved nuclear technology
- Also a “space race”
- Tried to maintain **NUCLEAR PARITY**
 - MAD= Mutually assured destruction: kept both sides from going to war





INTERNATIONAL CRISES

During the Cold War period...



THE KOREAN WAR

1950-53

- During WW2: Japan held Korea
- North liberated by Soviet Union (Communist)
- South liberated by Americans (anti-Communist)



1950: 100,000 North Korean troops invaded South Korea



THE KOREAN WAR

1950-53

- USA demanded that the UN help South Korea
- UN force of 32 countries (led by USA) fought in Korea
- 26,000 Canadians (1,000 wounded, 400 killed)
- 1953: armistice, but still divided



KOREAN WAR: SIGNIFICANCE

- Canada showed its support for the UN and its goals
- The UN showed that it was willing to take action



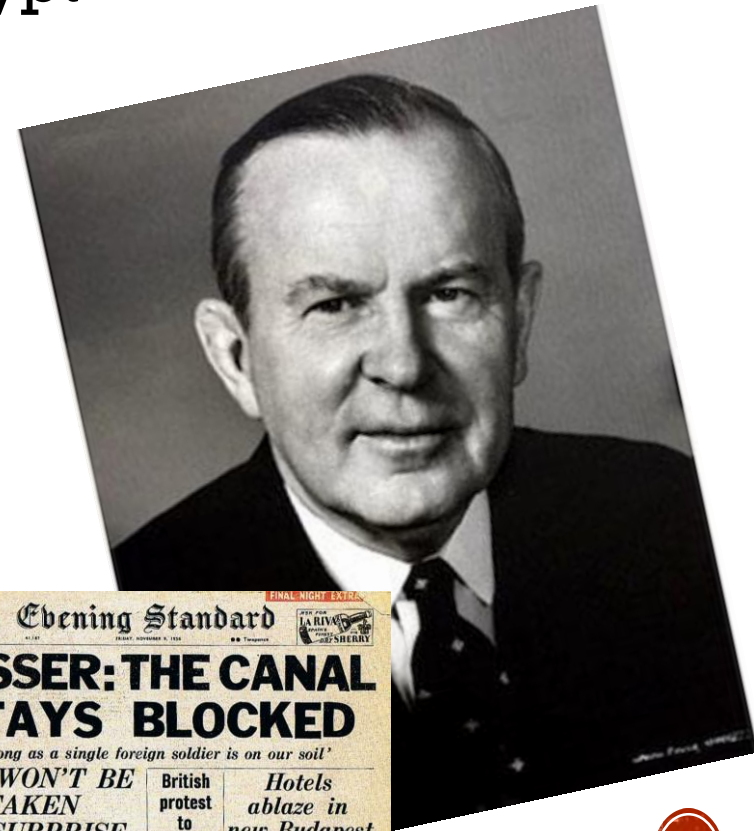
THE SUEZ CRISIS

1956

- Egypt seized the canal (w/ Soviets) from Britain & France
- Britain, France & Israel attacked Egypt

- **Lester B. Pearson** (External Affairs Minister in Canada) asked UN to send in a United Nations Emergency Force to keep them apart while they reached a settlement = **peacekeeping**

- Won the Nobel Peace Prize for this



The Suez Crisis (1956) Map and chronologic overview



Paratroopers



Israeli's



British



French

Israeli troop movements



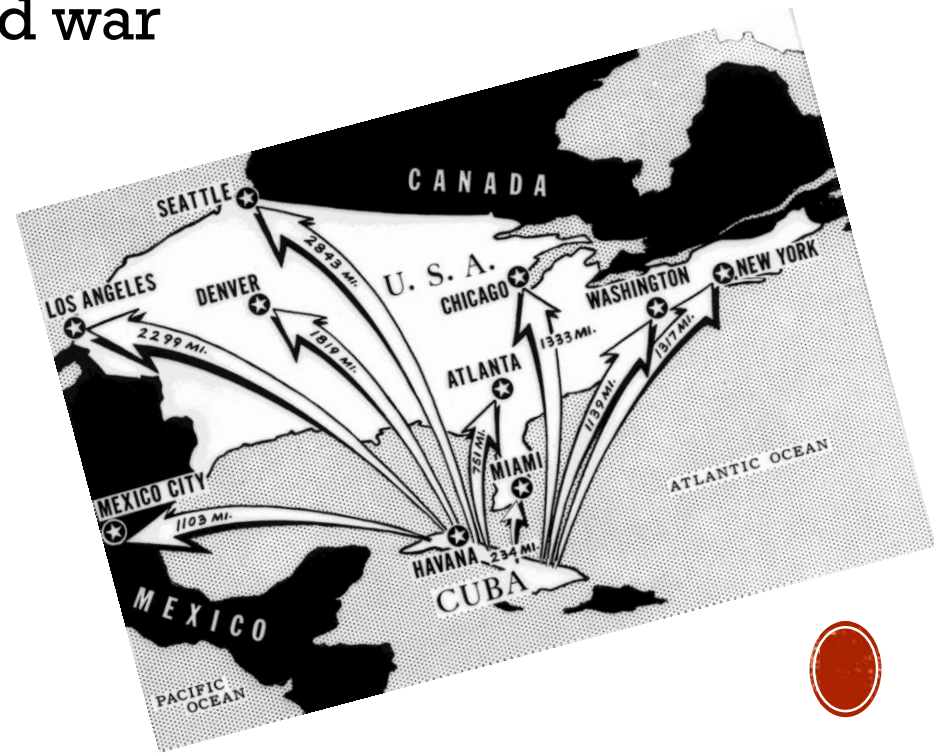
- 1** Oct. 29 Israeli paratroops dropped east of town of Suez
- 2** Oct. 30 More paratroops dropped east of Mitla Pass, troops begin crossing the border at Qussaima
- 3** Oct. 31 British bombs dropped on Cairo and Cairo International Airport
- 4** Nov. 2 Israeli paratroops land near Al-Tor, in the south-west Sinai
- 5** Nov. 5 British paratroops land west of Port Said
French paratroops land south of Port Said
Israelis capture Sharm al-Shaikh to lift blockade of Gulf of Aqaba
- 6** Nov. 6 Anglo-French invasion force bombardment and landings
- 7** Nov. 7 Anglo-French occupy most of Suez Canal zone as far as Ismailia, when UN orders a halt
- 8** Nov. 21 First UN troops land at Port Said
- 9** Nov. 23 British and French forces withdraw
- 10** Dec. 22 Withdrawal completed at midnight
- 11** March '57 Israeli withdrawal completed in March



CUBAN MISSILE CRISIS

1962

- USA spotted Soviet nuclear missiles in Cuba- afraid of attack
- USA set up naval blockade
- Soviet ships turned back
- Leaders wrote letters & averted war



VIETNAM WAR

1954-1975



North = Communist Gov't



China & Soviets send supplies

Client War:

Fought on behalf of the South Vietnamese client

South = anti-Communist Gov't



United States support



VIETNAM WAR

1954-1975

1963: 15,000 American troops
1964: 543,000 American troops
Couldn't win... lots of suffering
by Vietnamese civilians
This was shown in the media...
Major **anti-war protests**
Draft-dodgers came to Canada



CYPRUS

1964-1993



- Greek majority vs. Turkish minority
- Troops were sent in 1963 and last were withdrawn in 1993
- Mission helped to save lives and since then has been peaceful
- Canada spent over \$600 million, and 30 Canadian soldiers lost their lives



REVIEW VIDEO

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wVqziNV7dGY>

